

 **The Mole**

  $6.02 \times 10^{23}$

**$6.02 \times 10^{23}$**



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 **STOICHIOMETRY**

The study of the quantitative aspects of chemical reactions.



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 **The Mole**

- A counting unit
- Similar to a dozen, except instead of 12, it's 602 billion trillion 602,000,000,000,000,000,000
- $6.02 \times 10^{23}$  (in scientific notation). This number is referred to as Avogadro's constant.
- This number is named in honor of **Amedeo Avogadro (1776 – 1856)**.



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## But Where Did it Come From?

- It was NOT just picked! It was MEASURED.
- The constant was not measured by Avogadro but by latter scientists.
- Most measurements for Avogadro's constant were obtained through experimentation that involved the Faraday constant and the isolation of electron charges.
- Avogadro simply proposed that the volume of a gas (at a given pressure and temperature) is proportional to the number of [atoms](#) or [molecules](#) regardless of the nature of the gas.

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## The Mole

- 1 dozen cookies = 12 cookies
- 1 mole of cookies =  $6.02 \times 10^{23}$  cookies
- 1 dozen cars = 12 cars
- 1 mole of cars =  $6.02 \times 10^{23}$  cars
- 1 dozen Al atoms = 12 Al atoms
- 1 mole of Al atoms =  $6.02 \times 10^{23}$  atoms

Note that the NUMBER is always the same,  
but the MASS is very different!  
Mole is abbreviated mol

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## A Mole of Particles Contains $6.02 \times 10^{23}$ particles

- 1 mole C =  $6.02 \times 10^{23}$  C atoms
- 1 mole H<sub>2</sub>O =  $6.02 \times 10^{23}$  H<sub>2</sub>O molecules
- 1 mole NaCl =  $6.02 \times 10^{23}$  NaCl formula units
- $6.02 \times 10^{23}$  Na<sup>+</sup> ions and  
 $6.02 \times 10^{23}$  Cl<sup>-</sup> ions

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## Avogadro's Number as Conversion Factor

$$\frac{6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{ particles}}{1 \text{ mole}}$$

or

$$\frac{1 \text{ mole}}{6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{ particles}}$$

Note that a particle could be an atom OR a molecule!

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## Molar Mass

- The Mass of 1 mole (in grams)
- Equal to the numerical value of the average atomic mass (get from periodic table)

1 mole of C atoms	=	12.0 g
1 mole of Mg atoms	=	24.3 g
1 mole of Cu atoms	=	63.5 g

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## Other Names Related to Molar Mass

- **Molecular Mass/Molecular Weight:** If you have a single molecule, mass is measured in amu's instead of grams. But, the molecular mass/weight is the same numerical value as 1 mole of molecules. Only the units are different. (This is the beauty of Avogadro's Number!)
- **Formula Mass/Formula Weight:** Same goes for compounds. But again, the numerical value is the same. Only the units are different.
- **THE POINT:** You may hear all of these terms which mean the *SAME NUMBER*... just different units

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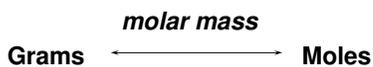
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## Calculations with Molar Mass




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## Converting Moles and Grams

Aluminum is often used for the structure of light-weight bicycle frames. How many grams of Al are in 3.00 moles of Al?




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## Calculations



**Everything must go through Moles!!!**

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## Atoms/Molecules and Grams

How many atoms of Cu are present in 35.4 g of Cu?

$$\frac{35.4 \text{ g Cu}}{63.5 \text{ g Cu}} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol Cu}}{1 \text{ mol Cu}} \times \frac{6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{ atoms Cu}}{1 \text{ mol Cu}}$$

$$= 3.4 \times 10^{23} \text{ atoms Cu}$$

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